### MONTREAL, L. C. TO IRVINE SCOTLAND (VIA NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL)

### **Ship Information**

She departed New York March 9, 1839, arrived March 25, 1839.

#### **Postal Rates**

 Canada
 5/2 cy

 Canada inland
 9d cy

 U.S. freight money
 30d cy

 U. S. inland
 23d cy

 United States
  $87\frac{1}{2}$ ¢

  $(2 \times 18\frac{3}{4}$ ¢) +  $(2 \times 25)$  =  $87\frac{1}{2}$ ¢

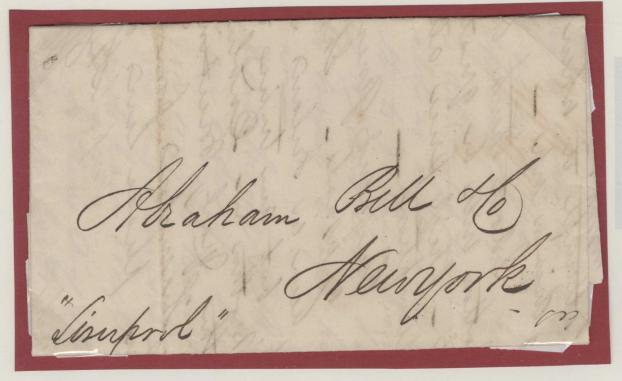
 Great Britain
 3/4d 

  $(2 \times 8d)$  +  $(2 \times 12d)$  = 40d or 3/4 



Letter posted to New York, freight money collected. Montreal never noted freight money collected. (Winter)

### LIVERPOOL TO NEW York



### **Ship Information**

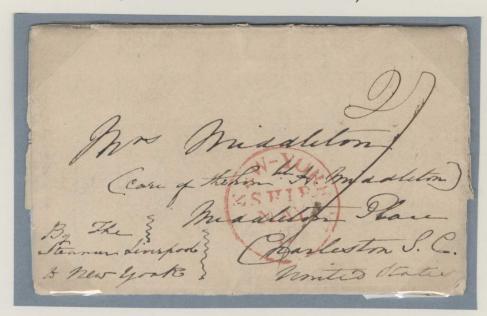
The Liverpool departed on the easterly leg of her third voyage on April 20, 1839, arrived New York May 7, 1839.

### **Postal Rates**

Great Britain 0 United States 0

Letter hand carried by passenger to final addressee in New York. Addressee was an uncle of the letter carrier.

### LONDON TO CHARLESTON, SC (VIA LIVERPOOL AND NEW YORK)



### **Ship Information**

She departed Liverpool on the westerly leg of her third voyage on April 20, 1839, arrived New York May 7, 1839.

#### Postal Rates

Great Britain 0 United States 27¢ 25¢ + 2¢ = 27¢

Letter hand carried to ship's agent for dispatch as indicated.

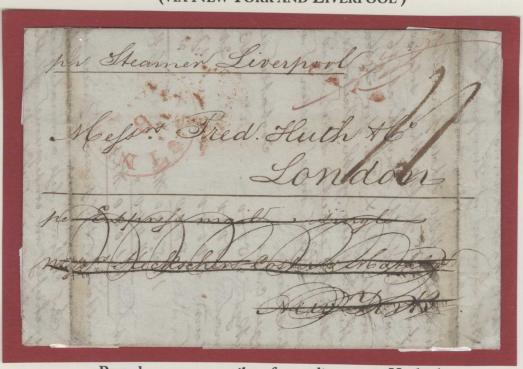
New Orleans to London (via New York and Liverpool)

### **Ship Information**

The Liverpool departed New York on the easterly leg of her third voyage on May 18, 1839, arrived Liverpool June 2, 1839.

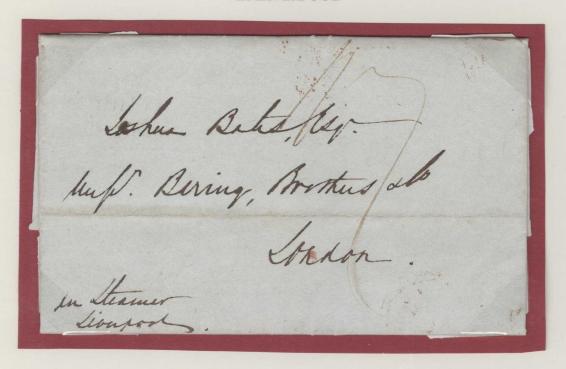
### **Postal Rates**

United States 75¢ 3 x 25¢ = 75¢ Great Britain 1/-1 Victoria c34, August 1, 1837.



Posted as express mail to forwarding agent Heckschar, Coster & Matfield. Using express mail reduced the delivery time

### NEW YORK TO LONDON VIA LIVERPOOL



Ship Information
She departed New York on the return leg May 18, 1839, arrived Liverpool on June 2, 1839.

Letter carried to forwarding agent Cary & Company and then to Gilpin's Exchange, Reading Room & Foreign Letter Office in New York. Freight money probably paid but not noted as was customary for New York.

Postal Rates
United States 0
Great Britain 1/7
8d + 11d = 19d or 1/7d
Ship letter fee plus inland postage.

Scan of cover back showing forwarding agent stamps and transfer markings. The Cary & Company is an early use of this mark since it was in service 1839 to 1846. The Gilpin's mark is faint but under magnification it lays on top of the Cary marking.



## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN

Treasury Warrant December 5, 1839, changed two postal rate aspects. First, since 1815, progression based on the number of sheets changed to a progression by weight. Second, inbound ship letter rates were based on 8d plus a uniform 4d for inland postage.

Additional changes occurred January 10, 1840. These changes instituted a uniform rate of 8d for ship letters. The *British Queen* was the only steamship to arrive in England during this short rate period.

LITTLE ROCK, AR TO LONDON (VIA NEW YORK AND GRAVESEND)



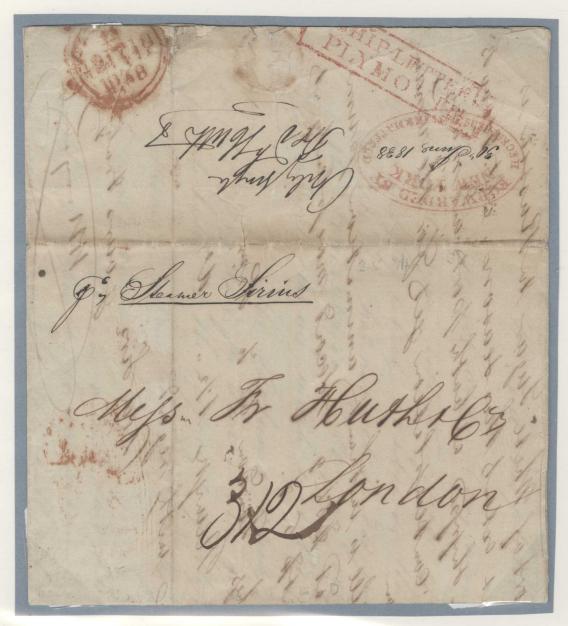
Letter carried to ship's agent in New York for dispatch on *British Queen's* third voyage. Since she was scheduled to spend the winter in London for repairs and maintenance, mail was put off at Gravesend and dispatched to London by mail coach to expedite arrival in London.

**Ship Information** 

The British Queen departed New York December 2, 1839, arrived in London December 25, 1839. Postal Rates
United States 0
Great Britain 1/4d + 8d = 12d or 1/Inland plus ship letter fee



### HAVANA, CUBA TO LONDON (VIA NEW YORK AND PLYMOUTH)



Letter hand carried to forwarding agent Heckscher, Coster & Matfiel in New York. After this voyage, the Siruis returned to her route between England and Ireland.

### **Ship Information**

The Sirius departed New York July 1, 1838, arriving Plymouth July 16, 1838.

### **Postal Rates**

Cuba 0
United States 0
Great Britain 3/2
(2 x 8d) + (2 x 11d) = 38d
or 3/2.
Ship letter fee plus inland postage.

## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN

LIVERPOOL TO SOUTH HADLEY CANAL, MA (VIA LONDON, PORTSMOUTH AND NEW YORK)



Letter posted in Liverpool. Paid and posted to London Ship Letter Office for dispatch on the British Queen. Faint "PAID AT/LIVERPOOL" is Willcocks and Jay LL 136. Red rimless oval "PAID SHIP LETTER/8 JY 8/LONDON" is Robertson type S51, in use 1838-1847.

### **Ship Information**

The British Queen departed Portsmouth on July 12, 1839, arrived New York July 28, 1839.

#### **Postal Rates**

Great Britain 1/1 Vic c 34, August 8, 1837.
United States 203/4¢
Inland postage plus ship letter fee.

### New York to London (VIA PORTSMOUTH)



Letter carried to ship's agent in New York for dispatch on the *British Queen's* easterly leg of her first voyage. Mail was dispatched to London by mail coach on her scheduled stop at Portsmouth. The ship proceeded to London.

### **Ship Information**

The British Queen departed New York on her return leg of first voyage August 1, 1839, arrived Portsmouth August 15, 1839.

## Postal Rates United States 0 Great Britain 1/4 8d + 8d = 16d or 1/4 Inland plus ship letter fee.

## LONDON TO BOSTON, MA (VIA PORTSMOUTH)



Letter addressed to the Governor of Massachusetts from Colonel Aspenwall of the American Embassy. Traveled in diplomatic pouch, opened in New York, processed, rated and dispatched.



## BALTIMORE TO LONDON (VIA NEW YORK AND PORTSMOUTH)



Letter posted postage and freight money collected. Fees noted in upper right with freight money first followed by inland postage. This is how Baltimore postal officials noted these fees.

### **Ship Information**

The British Queen departed New York October 1, 1839, arrived Portsmouth October 15, 1839.

#### **Postal Rates**

United States \$1.75 (18¾ x 4) + 2 = 75¢ (25¢ x 4) = \$1.00 Great Britain 4 x 8d = 32d or 2/8d



A reduced scan of cover back showing receiving and transfer marks applied in England. The red double circle London receiving stamp indicates PM processing. Red "SHIP LETTER/PORTSMOUTH" Robertson type S15 in use 1804 - 1840.

## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN

New London, CT to Paris (via New York, Portsmouth, London and Calais)



Letter Carried to ship's agent in New York, dispatched on British Queen in mail bag, passing through Portsmouth to London. Letter proceeded via Dover to Calais ferry and on to Paris.

### **Ship Information**

The British Queen departed New York October 1, 1839, arrived Portsmouth October 15, 1839. **Postal Rates** 

United States 0
Great Britain 1/4d
Rerated 1/6d, transit fee to

France.

France 33 dec 1/6d to be debited to Great Britain.

Scan of cover back showing marks applied in Great Britain during the transfer process. The red single circle mark indicates morning processing. The black London ½ double circle is Mackay type 48. The red "SHIP LETTER" is Robertson type S35 in use 1819 - 1839.



## PIONEER STEAMERS THE BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

\$ 3 ×1

-

The British Queen made her first crossing July 1839. Prior to her last depature in 1841 the company was in litigation with the inventor of the feathered paddle wheel design. This forced replacement of the blades on her paddle wheels. During this crossing blades on the right paddle wheel started to fall off requiring hasty repairs and delays that extented her crossing four additional days.

### NEWYORK TO LONDON (VIA BRISTOL)

**Ship Information** 

The British Queen departed New York December 2, 1839, on the the return leg of her 3rd voyage. She arrived London December 25, 1839.

Postal Rates

United States 0
Great Britain 1/Ship Letter Fee 8d
Inland fee 4d
Treasury Warrant 5 Dec 1839



Letter hand carried to ship's agent in New York. Dispatched as indicated on letter. The *British Queen* was the only steamer to arrive in Great Britain during this short rate period (December 5, 1839 - January 10, 1840).



Back of cover showing receiving marks. Red stepped "SHIP LETTER/GRAVESEND" applied when mail entered British postal system. This is Robertson type S6 in use 1836 - 1839, a late use of this marking. The red single circle London receiving mark indicates morning processing

## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN

### New York to Paris (via Gravesend, London and Calais)



Letter carried to ship's agent in New York for dispatch on *British Queen's* third voyage.

### **Ship Information**

The British Queen departed New York December 2, 1839, arrived in London December 25, 1839.

**Postal Rates** 

United States

Great Britain

4d + 8d = 12d or 1/Inland plus ship letter fee

Great Britain

1/6d

Transfer fee collected in

France

France. 28 dec.

France 28 dec 1/6d debited to Great Britain.

Scan of cover back showing the transfer marks in Great Britain. The Calais transfer mark is on the front in upper right. The red stepped "SHIP LETTER GRAVESEND" stamp is Robertson type S6 in use 1836 to 1839. The black London half circle is Mackay type 48.

Willcocks & Jay, black single circle stamp used on unpaid letters between 1787 and 1840. This is type L 14f in use 1834 - 1840.



SHEFFIELD, ENGLAND TO PHILADELPHIA (VIA LONDON, PORTSMOUTH AND NEW YORK)



Letter posted for the *British Queen* and dispatched on the westerly leg of the fourth voyage. The rimless red "PAID SHIP LETTER/CROWN/29 FE 29 1840/ - LONDON -" is Robertson type S51, in use 1838-1847. Red "SHEFFIELD/FE 28/1840" Willocks and Jay YK 2653. Red Tomb Stone "PAID" Mackay type 2300. Ship letter fee not charged in U.S.

### **Ship Information**

The British Queen departed Portsmouth March 2, 1840, arrived in New York March 18, 1840.

#### **Postal Rates**

Great Britain 8d
Treasury Warrant (TW)
January 10, 1840
United States 12½¢
12½¢ (80 - 150 miles)
Ship letter fee not charged.

## BALTIMORE TO LONDON (VIA NEW YORK AND PORTSMOUTH)



Posted in Baltimore and rated a triple letter by number of sheets. Inland postage and freight money collected and noted in upper right. Note the pencil notation of "131¼" at top of "8d," this is common with freight money letters from Baltimore.

Ship Information

British Queen
departed New
York April 1, 1840,
arrived Portsmouth
April 16, 1840.

### Postal Rates

United States 131¼¢
Freight Money (3 x 25) = 75¢
Inland postage (3 x 18¾) = 56¼¢
Great Britain 8d
Letter under one half ounce.
Therefore only one rate in Great
Britain.

## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN

GOSPEL OAK WORKS, ENGLAND TO PHILADELPHIA (VIA LONDON, PORTSMOUTH AND NEW YORK)



Letter posted and processed. Dispatched as endorsed meeting the *British Queen* at Portsmouth.

### **Ship Information**

British Queen departed Portsmouth March 2, 1840, arrived New York March 16, 1840.

#### Postal Rates

Great Britain 1/January 1840, Treasury
Warrant dated December 27,
1839.

United States 14½¢ Inland postage plus ship letter fee.

BALTIMORE TO LONDON (VIA NEW YORK AND PLYMOUTH)

Letter posted and processed. Dispatched as endorsed. Mail put ashore at Portsmouth.

### **Ship Information**

British Queen departed New York April 1, 1840, arrived Portsmouth April 16, 1840.

#### **Postal Rates**

United States
Double postage.

Freight Money
Double freight money.

Great Britain

37½¢
50¢
8d



## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN

LIVERPOOL TO BOSTON
(VIA LONDON, PORTSMOUTH AND NEW YORK)



Letter carried by Liverpool Baring Brothers office to London office. Posted for dispatch on *British Queen's* fifth voyage.

New York to London (VIA PORTSMOUTH)

Ship Information

British Queen
departed London

May 1, 1840, arrived New York May 16, 1840.

**Postal Rates** 

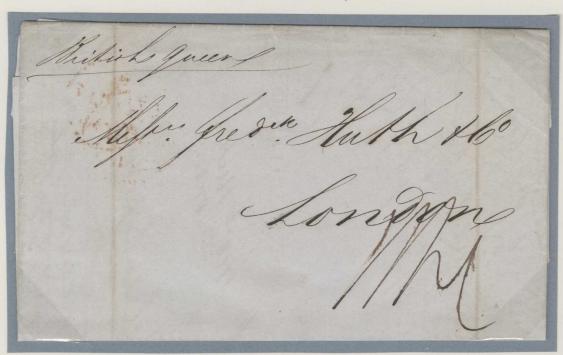
Great Britain 8d TW January 10, 1840, posted from port of departure.

United States 203/4¢ 183/4¢ +2¢ = 203/4¢ Inland plus ship letter fee.

Ship Information

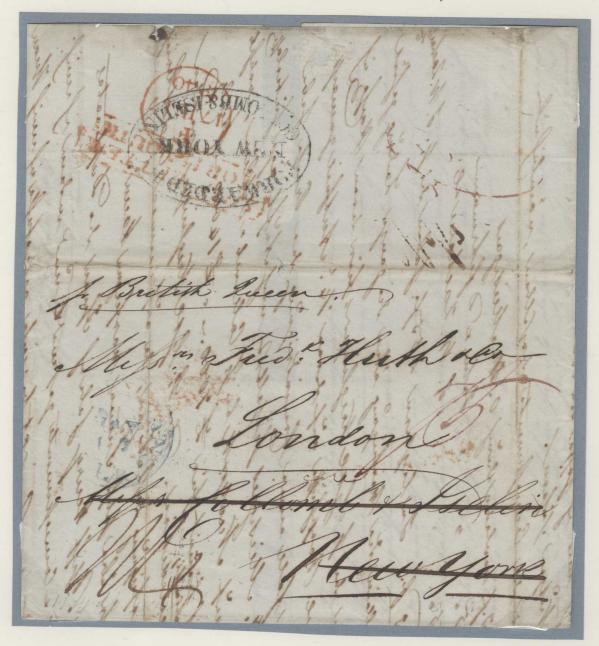
British Queen
departed New
York June 1,
1840, and arrived
Portsmouth May
16, 1840.

Postal Rates
United States 0
Great Britain 1/4
2 x 8d = 16d or 1/4
Inland plus ship letter fee.



Double letter carried to ship's agent in New York and dispatched on *British Queen's* easterly leg of fifth voyage.

### New Orleans to London (via New York and Portsmouth)



Double letter posted to Collomb & Iselin in New York for dispatch as indicated. Freight Money was collected in New Orleans. Rate is incorrect, should have charged twice for Freight Money.

Ship Information

British Queen
departed New
York on June 1,
1840, and arrived
Portsmouth June
16, 1840.

Postal Rates
United States 75¢  $(2 \times 25 \text{¢}) + 25 \text{¢} = 75 \text{¢}$ Double inland plus
Freight Money.
Great Britain 1/4  $2 \times 8d = 16d \text{ or } 1/4$ 

## PHILADELPHIA TO LONDON (VIA NEW YORK AND PORTSMOUTH)



Letter posted in Philadelphia, fees collected and noted in upper right. Philadelphia combined the freight money and inland fees first in pencil and then in black ink. In Great Britain letter weighted between one half once and an once so was rated as a double letter.

### **Ship Information**

British Queen departed New York June 1, 1840, arrived Portsmouth June 16, 1840.

### **Postal Rates**

United States \$1.50Freight Money  $(4 \times 25) = \$1.00$ Inland postage  $(4 \times 12\frac{1}{2}) = 50$ ¢

Great Britain 1/4d(2 x 8d) = 16d or 1/4dLetter over one half ounce.

## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN

GOSPLE OAKS WORK, ENGLAND TO PHILADELPHIA (VIA PORTSMOUTH AND NEW YORK)

Letter posted for dispatch on British Queen as indicated.

### **Ship Information**

British Queen left Portsmouth on July 1, 1840, arrived New York July 18, 1840. This was the westerly leg of her sixth voyage.

Postal Rates
Great Britain 1/United Sates 14½¢



New York to Havre, France (via South Hampton, London, Calais and Paris)



Letter carried to ship's agent in New York for dispatch.

### **Ship Information**

British Queen left New York August 1, 1840, arrived in Portsmouth August 15, 1840. This was the easterly leg of her sixth voyage.

Postal Rates
United States 0
Great Britain 1/6
Article VI, Anglo-French
Convention 30 March 1836,
Implemented July 1836.

France 33 dec 18 dec due Great Britain +

French inland postage.

## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN

HIGH HOLBORN, ENGLAND TO PHILADELPHIA (VIA LONDON, NEW YORK)

Letter posted in London High Holborn General Post Office for dispatch on the *British Queen*. High Holborn was one of the London receiving houses that collected mail for the London Postal System.

### **Ship Information**

British Queen departed Portsmouth on July 1, 1840, and arrived New York July 18, 1840.

#### **Postal Rates**

Great Britain 8d United States 12½¢



New York to Havre, France (via South Hampton, London, Calais and Paris)



Letter carried to ship's agent in New York for dispatch.

### **Ship Information**

British Queen left New York August 1, 1840, arrived in Portsmouth August 15, 1840. This was the easterly leg of her sixth voyage.

#### Postal Rates

United States 0
Great Britain 1/6
Article VI, Anglo-French
Convention 30 March 1836,
Implemented July 1836.

France 33 de 18 dec due Great Britain + French inland postage.

### BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN



### PARK NEWTON, SCOTLAND TO NEW YORK (VIA LONDON AND PORTSMOUTH)

### **Ship Information**

Portsmouth September 1, 1840, arrived New York September 17, 1840. This was the easterly leg of her seventh voyage.

### Postal Rates

Great Britain 8d TW January 10, 1840.

United States 18½¢
Fee for delivery to port of

entry. Forwarding fee to Philadelphia 12½¢ paid.



Letter posted for dispatch on the *British Queen* as indicated. New York incoming ship letter fee paid and forwarded to Philadelphia. Again forwarded to Lexington, KY with no additional fee indicated.

## LIVERPOOL TO BOSTON (VIA LONDON, PORTSMOUTH AND NEW YORK)



Both letters carried on the same crossing. The red "Paid at Liverpool" Robertson Type M3a in use 1834-1843.

Postal Rates

Great Britain 8d

TW January 10, 1840.

United States 203/4¢

183/4¢ + 2¢ = 203/4¢

## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN

Complete Seventh Voyage Double Letter 4x Freight Money

GLASGOW TO PHILADELPHIA
(VIA LONDON, PORTSMOUTH AND NEW YORK)



Double letter posted for dispatch on the *British Queen* as indicated in Glasgow. The black octagon paid stamp is Mackay type 355, use is earlier than recorded.

Letter posted in bag for London in Philadelphia. London GPO processed and stamps red "SHIP LETTER" Robertson type S36 on back.

### **Ship Information**

British Queen departed New York October 1, 1840, arrived New York October 17, 1840. This was the westerly leg of her seventh voyage.

#### **Postal Rates**

United States \$1.50
Inland (4 x 12½¢) = \$.50
FM (4 x 25¢) = \$1.00
Great Britain 1/4d
Ship Letter = 8d

Inland = 8d

PHILADELPHIA TO HALIFAX, ENGLAND (VIA NEW YORK, PORTSMOUTH AND LONDON)

# My Land Goldel Fine Halface England

### Ship Information

British Queen departed Portsmouth September 1, 1840, arrived New York September 17, 1840. This was the easterly leg of her seventh voyage.

Postal Rates
Great Britain 8d
TW January 10, 1840.
United States 27¢  $(2 \times 12\frac{1}{2}¢) + 2¢ = 27¢$ Inland postage plus ship letter

### BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE BRITISH QUEEN

LIVERPOOL TO NEW YORK (VIA PORTSMOUTH)



### **Ship Information**

British Queen departed from Portsmouth November 1, 1840, arrived at New York November 21, 1840. This was the westerly leg of her eighth voyage.

Postal Rates
Great Britain 8d
TW January 10, 1840.
United States 6¢
Fee for delivery at port of entry.

Letters posted for dispatch on the British Queen.

New York to Cognac (via London, Calais and Paris)

### **Ship Information**

British Queen departed New York December 1, 1840, and arrived Portsmouth December 22, 1840. This was the easterly leg of her eighth voyage.

#### Postal Rates

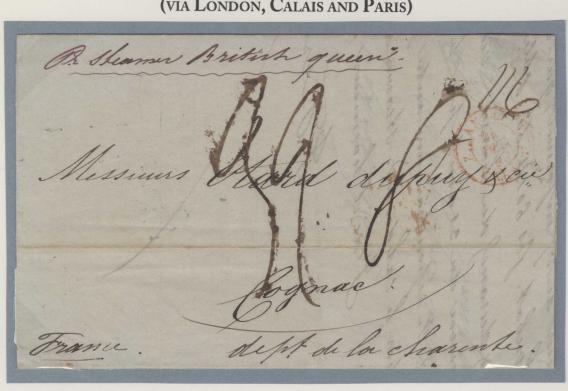
United States 0 Great Britain 1/6

Fee for transporting letter through to France includes 8d ship letter fee.

France

32 dec

Includes 1/6d debit to England.



Design of the paddles on the *British Queen* caused a major challenge during refit after the 1840 season. The feathering paddles had to be changed to non-feathering to avoid litigation with the patent holder.

During her first voyage in 1841, the port side paddle wheel malfunctioned causing floats to drop into the sea. Temporary repairs by the crew enabled her to make Halifax after 20 days at sea. Upon her return to Liverpool and the additional news of the *President's* disappearance, the company regarded steam power as an unprofitable venture.

New York to Paris (via Liverpool, London and Calais)



**Ship Information** 

British Queen departed New York April 11, 1841, arrived Liverpool April 28, 1841. This was the easterly leg of her ninth voyage.

Postal Rates

United States Great Britain

0 1/6

Fee for transporting letter through to France includes 8d ship letter fee.

France

38 dec

Includes 1/6d debit to England.

Letter carried to ship's agent in New York for dispatch as indicated.

## PIONEER STEAMERS THE BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM SHIP COMPANY

-

The British and American Steam Navigation Company planned for two vessels, the British Queen and the President. With completion of the President, she surpassed the British Queen as the largest steam vessel on the North Atlantic sea lanes.

The President, like the British Queen, had blades on her paddle wheels that, due to litigation, required modification. The company completed these changes before her third voyage, and she arrived in New York as scheduled. She departed New York on her return leg as scheduled. However she went missing with all souls during the same storm that delayed the British Queen as she struggled with paddle wheel problems.

## LIVERPOOL TO PHILADELPHIA (VIA NEWYORK)



### **Ship Information**

The *President* departed Liverpool on August 1, 1840, on her first voyage. She arrived New York August 17, 1840.

#### Postal Rates

Great Britain 8d
Uniform fee per Treasury
Warrant 10 Jan 1840
United States 14½¢
Inland fee 12½¢
Captain's fee 2¢

Letter posted, fee collected in Liverpool. Rimless circular "SHIP LETTER - LIVERPOOL/Crown/1 AU 1/ 1840" is Robertson type S15 in use 1838 - 41. The red 24mm CDS "NEW - YORK/SHIP/AUG/18" indicates letter is a ship letter and must be rated as such.

## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE PRESIDENT

Complete First Voyage Easterly Leg Second Voyage Easterly Leg

TAMPICO, MEXICO TO LONDON (VIA NEW ORLEANS, NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL)



Wrapper carried outside mail, through New Orleans to forwarding agent Oelrichs & Kriger in New York.

### **Ship Information**

The *President* departed New York on return leg September 1, 1840, arrived at Liverpool September 17, 1840. She made only two complete voyages as she disappeared with all souls on the easterly leg of her third voyage.

Postal Rates
United States 0
Great Britain 8d

New York to London (via Liverpool)

### **Ship Information**

The President departed New York on return leg of second voyage November 1, 1840. Foul weather forced her return to New York. She sailed again on November 11, 1840, arriving at Liverpool November 27, 1840.

Postal Rates
United States 0
Great Britain 8d
TW January 10, 1840.



Letter carried to ship's agent and dispatched as indicated.

## BRITISH AND AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY THE PRESIDENT

## Manchester, England to New York (via Liverpool)



### Ship Information

The *President* departed Liverpool Feburary 10, 1841, arrived New York March 3, 1841.

Letter posted to the *President* as directed. This proved to be the last voyage of the *President* since she left New York on March 11, 1841 and disappeared without a trace in a storm.

Postal Rates Great Britain United States

8d 6¢

Both the *British Queen* and *President* were required to modify their paddle wheels prior to this series of voyages. This action resulted from a challenge by the inventor of that style of paddle wheel.

The storm experienced by both ships caused the *British* Queen to experience failures in the right paddle wheel. The paddles began to fall off during the storm and emergency repairs were required lengthening the *British* Queen's voyage to twenty days.

The question might be asked, was not the *President* experiencing the same problem with her paddles wheels? This could be the reason for her disappearance on the easterly leg of her third voyage.

### HAVANA, CUBA TO LONDON (VIA NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL)



### **Ship Information**

She departed New York on the return leg of her first voyage December 6, 1838, arrived Liverpool on December 21, 1838.

Letter carried to ship's agent in New York as directed. Freight money probably paid but not noted as was the norm for New York.

Postal Rates	
Cuba	0
United States	0
Great Britain	1/7
8d + 11d = 19d or 1/7d	
Ship letter fee plus inland post	age.

Scan of cover back showing forwarding agent stamp and the transfer markings. The red "Liverpool/Ship Letter" is Robertson type S14 in use 1838-41, common in black, scarcer in red, and very rare in green.



The Transatlantic Steam Ship Company operated as a subsidiary of the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company. The prospectus for the Transatlantic Steam Ship Company appeared after the completion of the first round trip of the Royal William. It announced the purchase of the 1,150 ton wooden paddle steamer Liverpool. They also announced that two other steamers were under construction.

Two funnels identified the *Liverpool*. She provided another unique feature at that time, warm and cold baths. Although the service proved unprofitable, she made seven crossings. In early 1840 the company withdrew its transatlantic service. The company disbanded and sold both the *Liverpool* and the unfinished *United States* to the Peninsula and Oriental line.

### BALTIMORE TO LONDON (VIA NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL)



### **Ship Information**

She departed New York on the return leg of her first voyage December 6, 1838, arrived Liverpool on December 21, 1838.

Triple letter posted in Baltimore. Freight money collected and noted in usual manner.

# Postal Rates United States 561/4¢ $(3 \times 183/4¢) = 561/4¢$ Freight Money 75¢ $(3 \times 25¢) = 75¢$ Great Britain 3/2 $(2 \times 8d) + (2 \times 11d) = 38d \text{ or } 3/2$

### BALTIMORE TO BELFAST, IRELAND (VIA NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL)



Letter carried to forwarding agent in New York. Dispatched as directed. This cover followed the Holyhead to Dublin route crossing the Irish Sea.

Scan of cover back showing various receiving and transfer markings. Large red oval stamp Gilpin's Exchange, Reading Room & Foreign Letter Office is forwarding agent. The red diamond date stamp is Mackay type 134 used by the Dublin Office. The black Belfast receiving stamp is Mackay type 139.



### **Ship Information**

She departed New York on March 9, 1838, arrived Liverpool on March 23, 1838.

### Postal Rates

route.

United States 0
Great Britain 1/11
8d + 11d + 3d + 1d = 23d
Ship letter fee plus inland
postage plus Holyhead - Dublin
packet plus Chester - Conway

## BALTIMORE TO LONDON (VIA NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL)



Double letter posted with Freight Money collected at Baltimore.

### **Ship Information**

She departed New York on her third voyage on May 18, 1839, arrived Liverpool June 2, 1839.

#### Poetal Rates

rostai Kates	
United States	18¾¢
Freight Money	25¢
Great Britain	3/2
$(2 \times 8d) + (2 \times 11d) = 38d$ or	r 3/2
Ship letter fee plus inland pe	ostage.

Back of cover showing additional docketing information. In some cases this information is crucial in positively identifying ship that carried the cover.



## CORK, IRELAND TO NEW YORK (VIA DUBLIN AND LIVERPOOL)

### **Ship Information**

She departed Liverpool on the westerly leg of her fourth voyage on June 13, 1839, arrived New York June 30, 1839.

#### **Postal Rates**

Great Britain

1/11

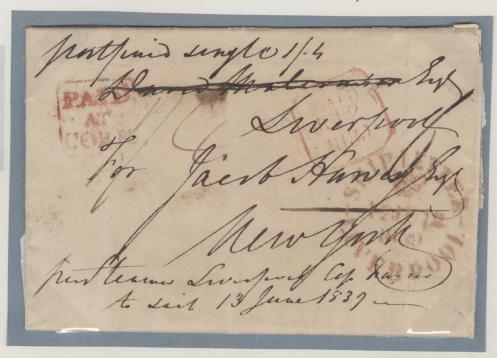
8d + 11d + 3d + 1d = 23d

Ship Letter fee plus inland postage plus Holyhead - Dublin packet plus Chester - Conway route.

**United States** 

6¢

Delivery at port of entry.



Posted to addressee in Liverpool with instructions to forward. Red square 'PAID/AT/CORK' Mackay type 21, Red double square 'PAID/JU 2/1839' Mackay type 910 used at Dublin.

New York to London (VIA LIVERPOOL)



Triple letter carried to ship's agent for dispatch as indicated.

### **Ship Information**

She departed New York on the easterly leg of her fourth voyage on July 6, 1839, arrived Liverpool July 20, 1839.

#### **Postal Rates**

United States
Great Britain
(3 x 8d) + (3 x 11d) = 57d or 4/9

### Manchester, England to Lowell, MA (via Liverpool and New York)

Letter carried to ship's agent for dispatch as indicated.

Ship Information
She departed from
Liverpool on the
westerly leg of her
fifth voyage on
August 1, 1839,
arrived New York
August 18, 1839.

Postal Rates
Great Britain 0
United States 2034¢
1834¢ + 2¢ = 2034¢



BOSTON TO LONDON
(VIA NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL)



Triple letter carried to forwarding agent in New York for dispatch as indicated.

### **Ship Information**

She departed New York on the easterly leg of her fifth voyage on August 24, 1839, arrived in Liverpool September 8, 1839.

Postal Rates
United States 0
Great Britain 4/9
(3 x 8d) + (3 x 11d) = 57d
or 4/9

## LIVERPOOL TO QUEBEC (VIA NEW YORK AND MONTREAL)



Letter carried to ship's agent for dispatch as indicated.

### **Ship Information**

She departed from Liverpool on the westerly leg of her sixth voyage on August 21, 1839, arrived New York October 10, 1839.

Postal Rates
Great Britain 0
United States 18¾¢
Collected in Canada.
Canada 1/10½cy
Debit to U.S. 11½cy.
Border - Montreal 4½cy.
Montreal - Quebec 7cy

New York to London (via Liverpool)

Triple letter carried to ship's agent for dispatch as indicated.

### **Ship Information**

She departed from New York on the easterly leg of her sixth voyage on October 19, 1839, arrived Liverpool November 6, 1839.

Postal Rates
United States 0
Great Britain 4/9
(3 x 8d) + (3 x 11d) =
57d or 4/9



### Paris to Philadelphia (via London, Liverpool and New York)



Double letter carried to forwarding agent Welles & Co. in Paris. Dispatched to London for passage on the *Liverpool* as indicated.

Ship Information
She departed from
Liverpool on the
westerly leg of her
seventh voyage on
November 16, 1839,
arrived New York
December 7, 1839.

## Postal Rates France 0 Great Britain 0 United States 27\$

 $(12\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ x 2) + 2¢ = 27¢

## LONDON TO NEW YORK (VIA LIVERPOOL)



An envelope front posted and processed at the London General Post Office. The red rimless "PAID SHIP LETTER / CROWN / 15 NO 15/ 1839 / LONDON" is Robertson type S51 in use 1838-1847. **Ship Information** 

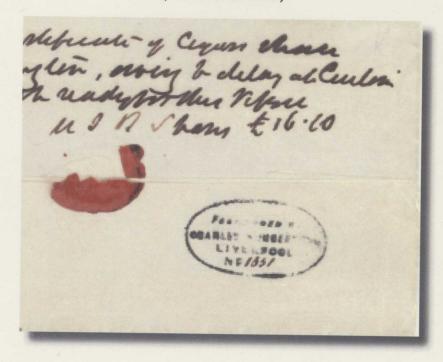
She departed from Liverpool on the westerly leg of her seventh voyage on November 16, 1839, arrived New York December 7, 1839.

**Postal Rates** 

Great Britain 1/North America GPO
Notice January 12, 1838.
United States 6¢

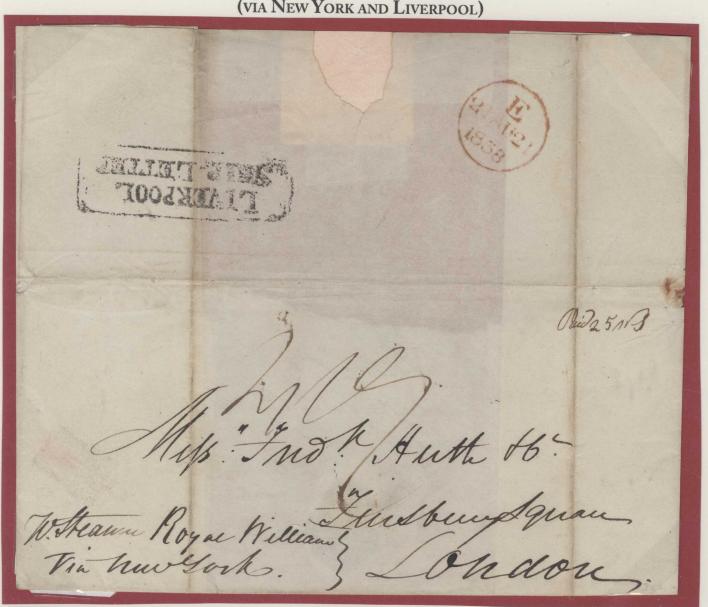
LONDON TO NEW YORK (VIA LIVERPOOL)

The back of a letter handled by the Liverpool forwarding agent Charles Humberston. Dispatched on the seventh westerly voyage. This marking in use 1840-1852, is an earlier listing than Rowe.



The Royal William, a 617 ton wooden paddle steamer, made three crossings from Liverpool to New York between 1838-1839. In this capacity she became the first steamship to undertake a westbound North Atlantic crossing from Liverpool to New York. She was the first steamer constructed with watertight bulkheads.

PHILADELPHIA TO LONDON (VIA NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL)



### **Ship Information**

She departed New York on the easterly leg of her maiden voyage on August 4, 1838, arrived at Liverpool on August 19, 1838.

Letter carried to ship's agent in New York for dispatch and payment of Freight Money. Rated as a triple letter in Great Britain.

### Postal Rates

United States	0
Freight Money	25¢
Paid to the shipping companies.	
Great Britain	4/9
$(3 \times 8d) + (3 \times 11d) = 57d \text{ or } 4/9$	

### LIVERPOOL TO RICHMOND, VA (VIA NEW YORK)



### **Ship Information**

She departed Liverpool on her second voyage on September 20, 1838, arrived at New York on October 10, 1838.

Triple letter carried to ship's agent in Liverpool for dispatch. Forwarded after receipt in New York.

# Postal Rates Great Britain 0 United States 6¢ Delivery to port of entry. Forwarding 561/4¢ Forwarding fee to Richmond. $(3 \times 1834) = 561/4$ ¢



Scan of cover back showing manuscript forwarding agent indorsement. This endorsement is nine years earlier than that listed in Rowe.

## New York to Dundee, Scotland (via Liverpool and Edinburgh)



### **Ship Information**

The Royal William departed New York October 20, 1838 on return leg of second voyage, arrived Liverpool November 5, 1838. Triple letter carried to ship's agent in New york. Dispatched on steamer as indicated.

Postal Rates

United States 0 Great Britain 3/4½

 $(2 \times 8d) + (2 \times 13d) + \frac{1}{2}d = 42\frac{1}{2}d$  or  $3\frac{1}{4}d$ .

Ship letter fee + inland + wheel tax.



Reduced scan of inclosure showing a method of payment used during this period.



